Distilling Knowledge via Knowledge Review

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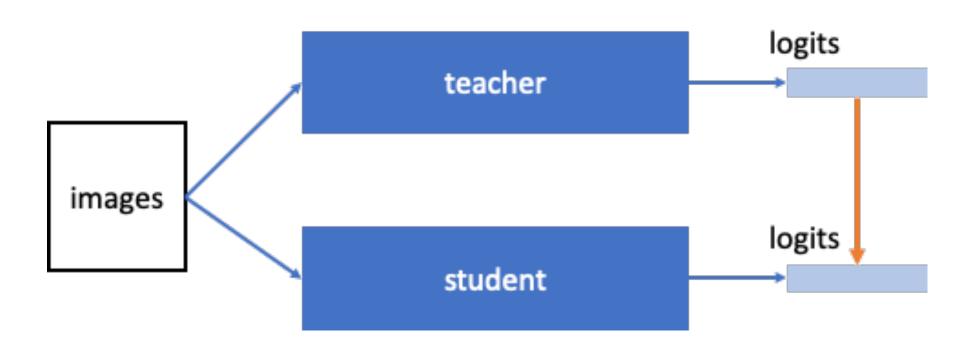
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Review

Knowledge distillation

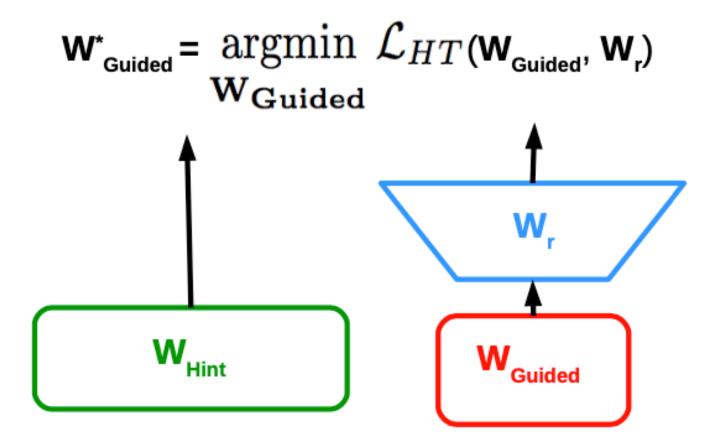
1.Traditional teacher-student distillation^[1]

$$D_{KL}(\boldsymbol{p}||\boldsymbol{q}) = \mathcal{H}(\boldsymbol{p},\boldsymbol{q}) - \mathcal{H}(\boldsymbol{p})$$
$$= -\sum_{i} p_{i} \log q_{i} - (-\sum_{i} p_{i} \log p_{i}).$$

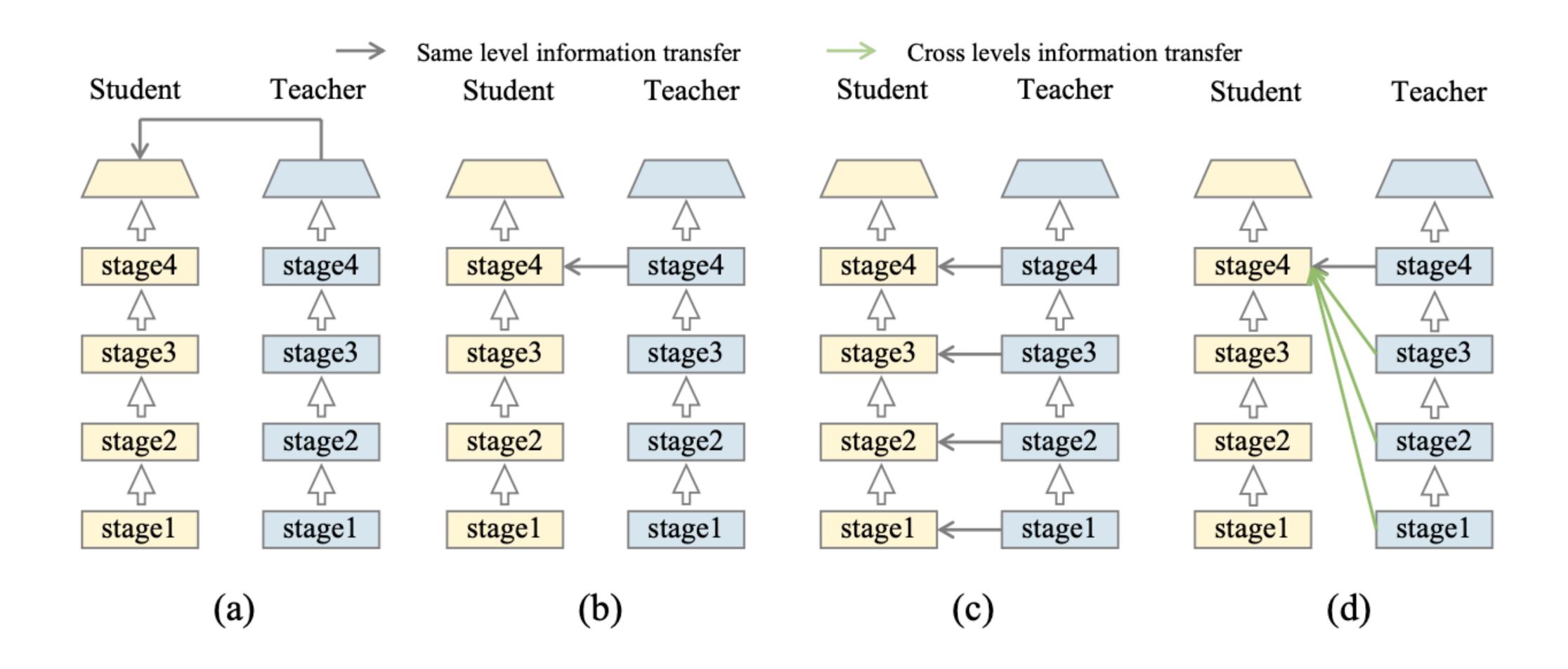


2. Fitnets (Hints)^[2]

$$\mathcal{L}_{hint} = \frac{1}{2} ||\boldsymbol{Z}^t - r(\boldsymbol{Z}^s)||^2$$

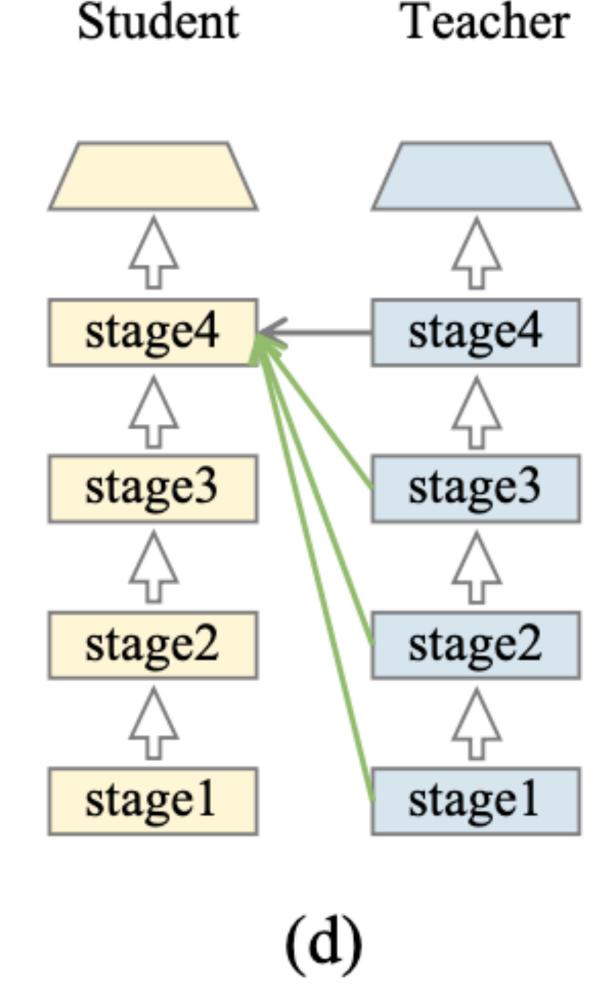


Motivation



Knowledge Review

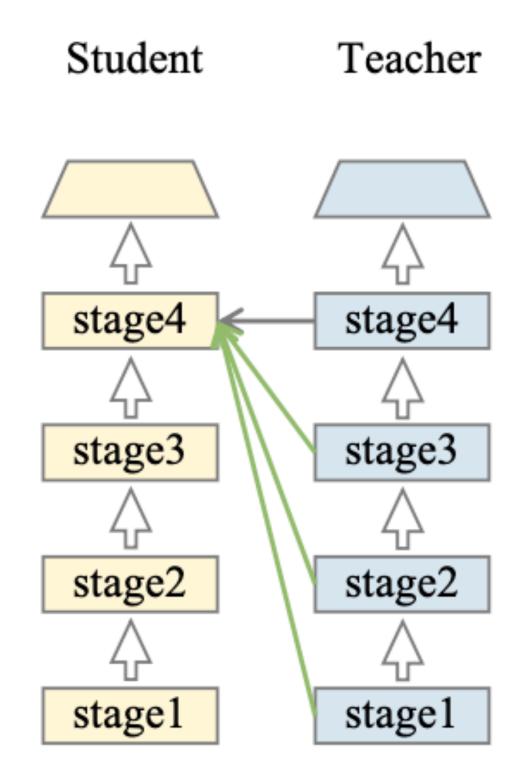
- Definition: use previous (shallower) features (of the teacher) to guide the current (deeper) feature (of the student).
- How to extract useful information from multilevel information from the teacher and how to transfer them to the student



Review Mechanism

1.Symbols

- input image X
- teacher network Γ
- student network \mathcal{S} divided into $(\mathcal{S}_1,\mathcal{S}_2,\cdots,\mathcal{S}_n,\mathcal{S}_c)$
- $Y_s = \mathcal{S}(X)$ is the logit of the student
- $Y_s = \mathcal{S}_c \circ \mathcal{S}_n \circ \cdots \circ \mathcal{S}_1(X)$
- Intermediate features $(\mathbf{F}_s^1,\cdots,\mathbf{F}_s^n)$, $\mathbf{F}_s^i=\mathcal{S}_i\circ\cdots\circ\mathcal{S}_1(X)$



Review Mechanism

2. single-layer knowledge distillation

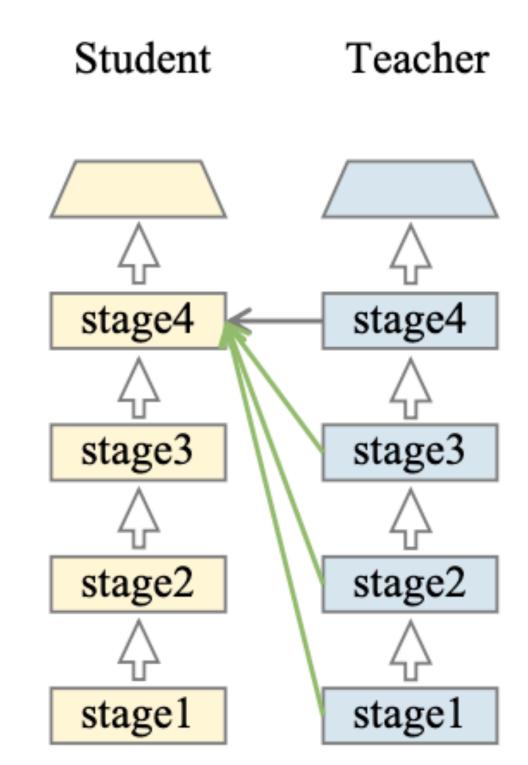
$$\mathcal{L}_{SKD} = \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_s^i(\mathbf{F}_s^i), \mathcal{M}_t^i(\mathbf{F}_t^i)\right)$$

3. multiple-layers knowledge distillation

$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD} = \sum_{i \in \mathbf{I}} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_s^i(\mathbf{F}_s^i), \mathcal{M}_t^i(\mathbf{F}_t^i)\right)$$

4. single-layer knowledge distillation with review mechanism

$$\mathcal{L}_{SKD_R} = \sum_{j=1}^{i} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_{s}^{i,j}(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}), \mathcal{M}_{t}^{j,i}(\mathbf{F}_{t}^{j})
ight)$$



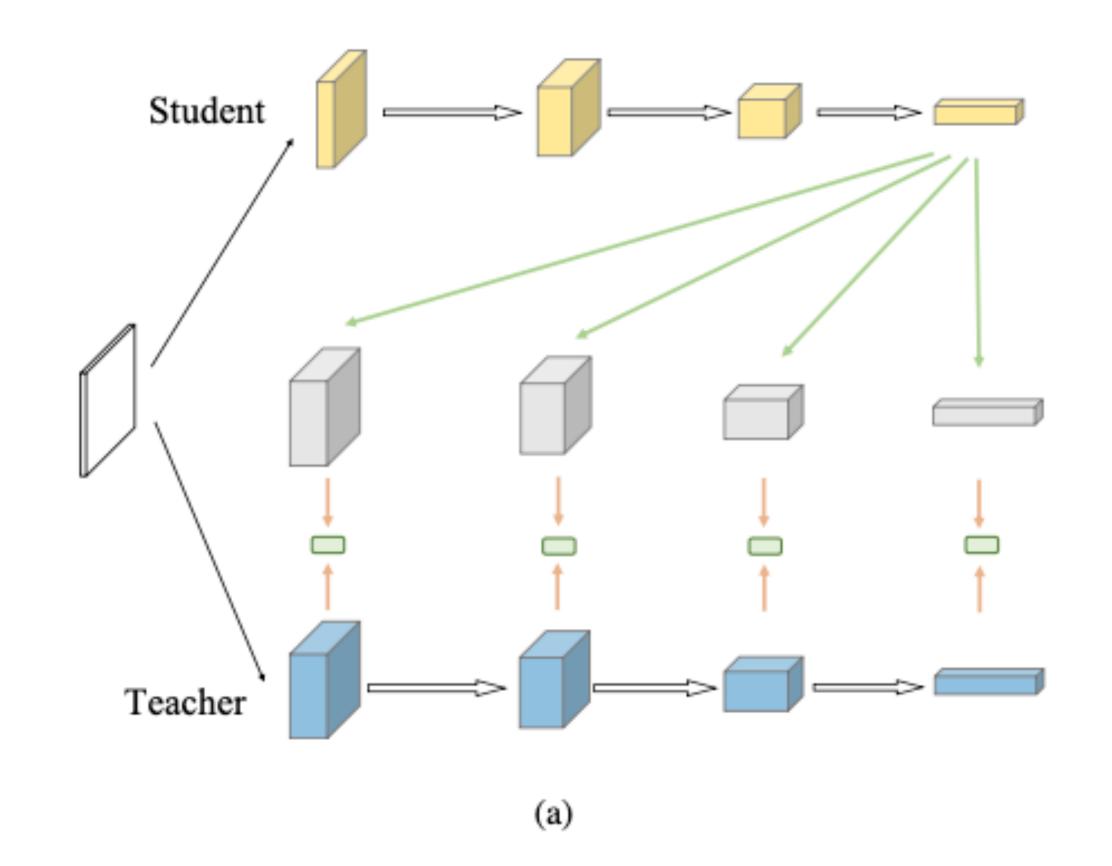
Review Mechanism

2. single-layer knowledge distillation

$$\mathcal{L}_{SKD} = \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_s^i(\mathbf{F}_s^i), \mathcal{M}_t^i(\mathbf{F}_t^i)\right)$$

3. multiple-layers knowledge distillation

$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD} = \sum_{i \in \mathbf{I}} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_s^i(\mathbf{F}_s^i), \mathcal{M}_t^i(\mathbf{F}_t^i)\right)$$



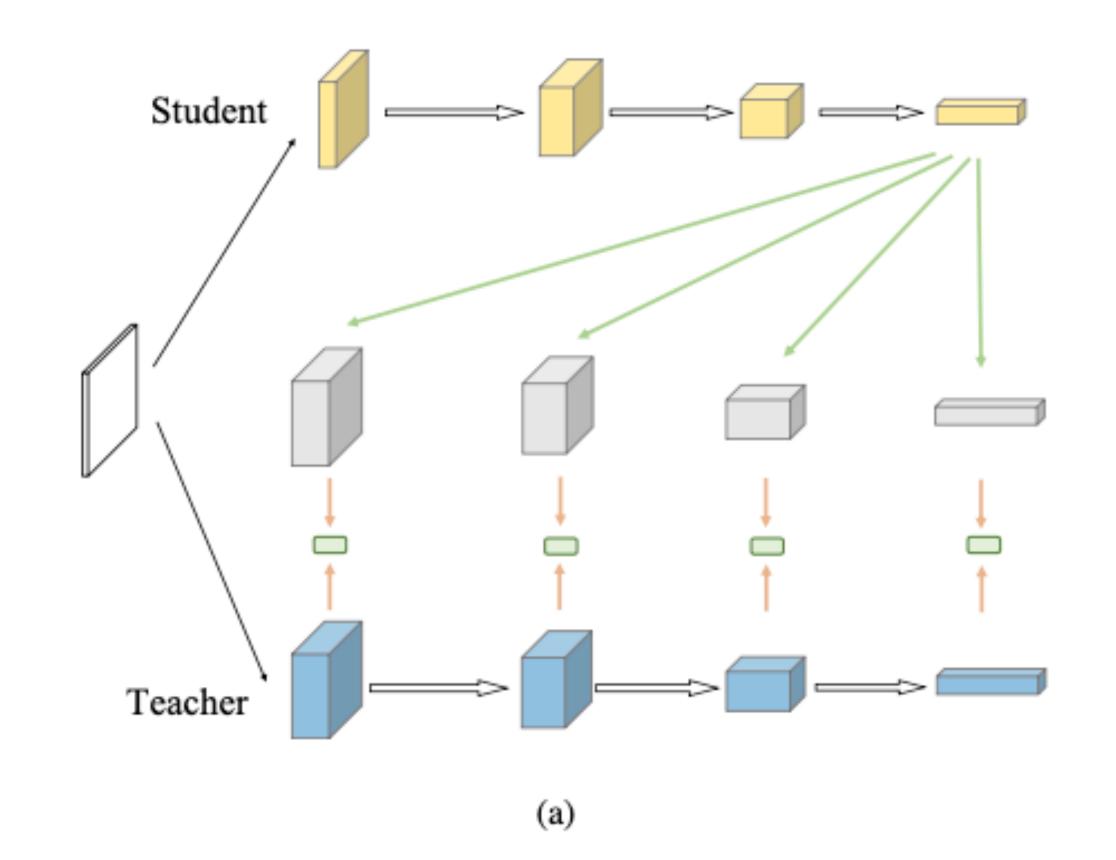
4. single-layer knowledge distillation with review mechanism

$$\mathcal{L}_{SKD_R} = \sum_{j=1}^{i} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_{s}^{i,j}(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}), \mathcal{M}_{t}^{j,i}(\mathbf{F}_{t}^{j})\right)$$

Review Mechanism

5. multiple-layers knowledge distillation with review mechanism

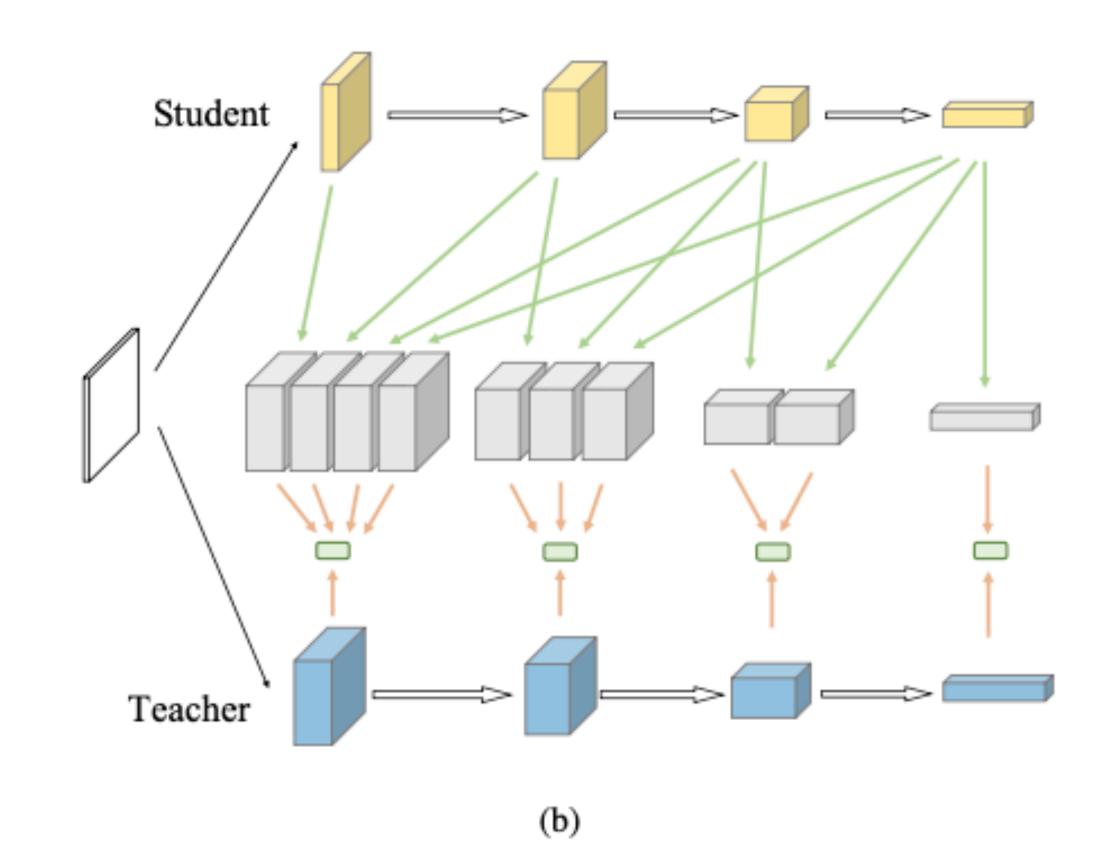
$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD_R} = \sum_{i \in \mathbf{I}} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{i} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_{s}^{i,j}(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}), \mathcal{M}_{t}^{j,i}(\mathbf{F}_{t}^{j})
ight)
ight)$$



Review Mechanism

5. multiple-layers knowledge distillation with review mechanism

$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD_R} = \sum_{i \in \mathbf{I}} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{i} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_{s}^{i,j}(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}), \mathcal{M}_{t}^{j,i}(\mathbf{F}_{t}^{j})
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ight)$$



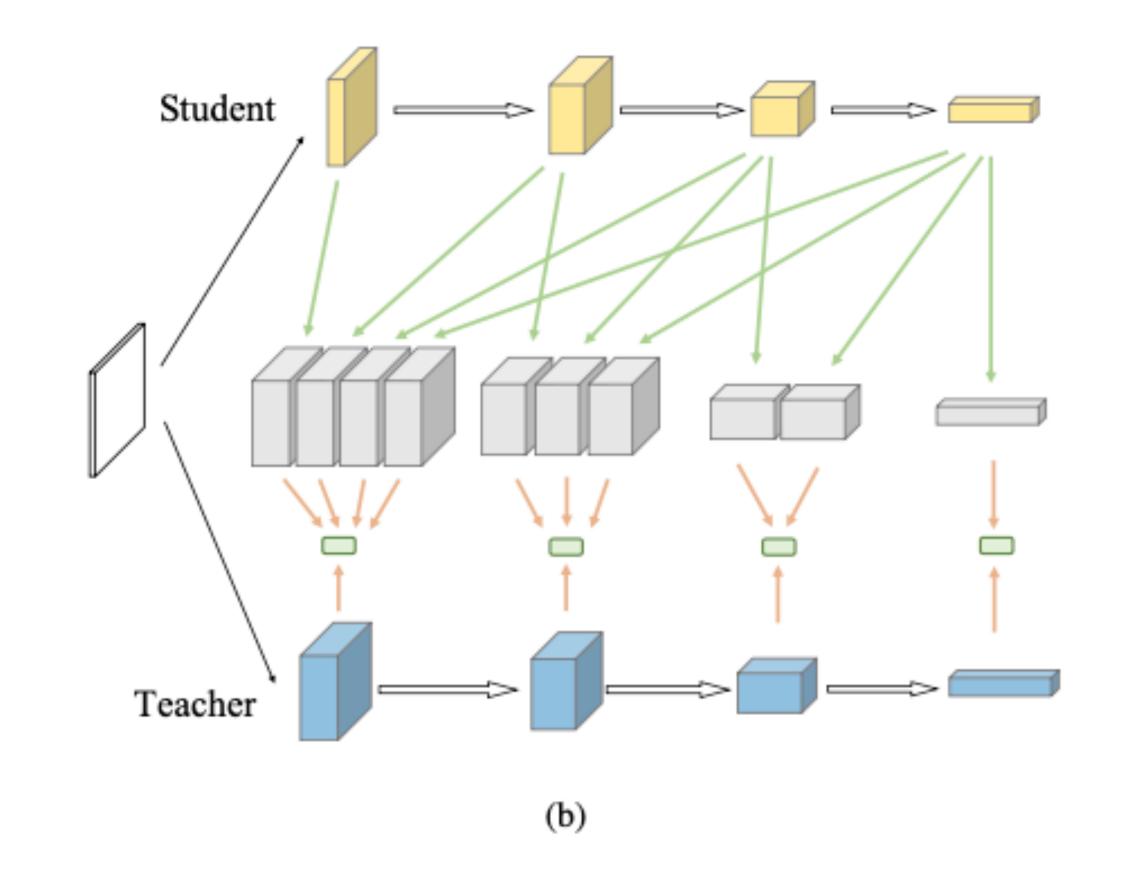
Review Mechanism

5. multiple-layers knowledge distillation with review mechanism

$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD_R} = \sum_{i \in \mathbf{I}} \left(\sum_{j=1}^i \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{M}_s^{i,j}(\mathbf{F}_s^i), \mathcal{M}_t^{j,i}(\mathbf{F}_t^j)
ight)
ight)$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD_R} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{i} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}, \mathbf{F}_{t}^{j}
ight)
ight)$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD_R} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{i=j}^{n} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}, \mathbf{F}_{t}^{j}
ight)
ight)$$

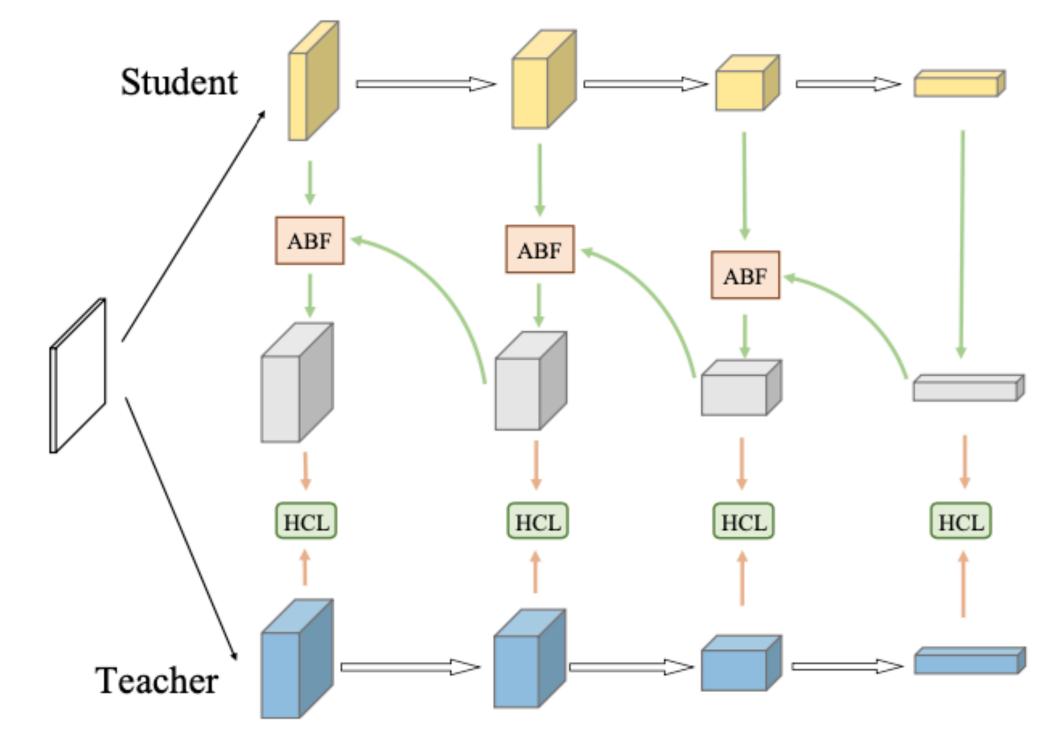
Residual Learning Framework

Fusion of features

$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD_R} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{i=j}^{n} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}, \mathbf{F}_{t}^{j}
ight)
ight)$$

$$\sum_{i=j}^{n} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{i}, \mathbf{F}_{t}^{j}\right) \approx \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{U}(\mathbf{F}_{s}^{j}, \cdots, \mathbf{F}_{s}^{n}), \mathbf{F}_{t}^{j}\right)$$

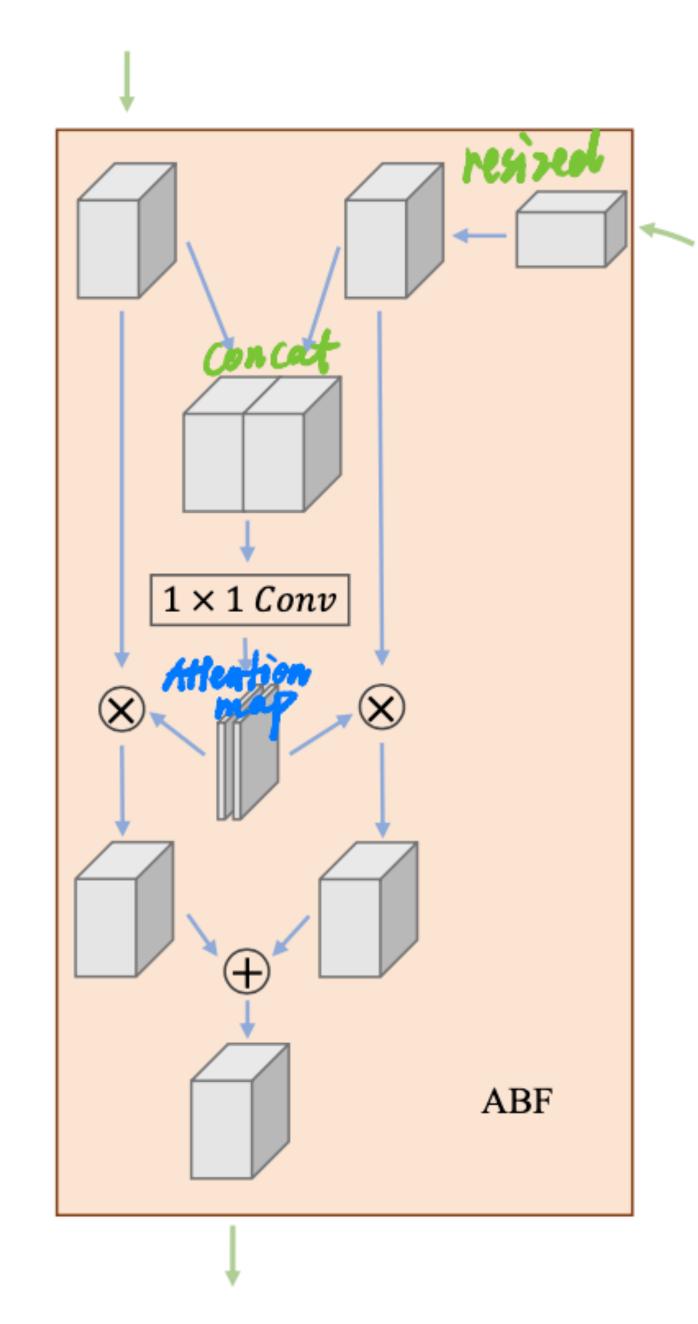
$$\mathcal{L}_{MKD_R} = \mathcal{D}(\mathbf{F}_s^n, \mathbf{F}_t^n) + \sum_{j=n-1}^{1} \mathcal{D}\left(\mathcal{U}(\mathbf{F}_s^j, \mathbf{F}_s^{j+1,n}), \mathbf{F}_t^j\right)$$



(d)

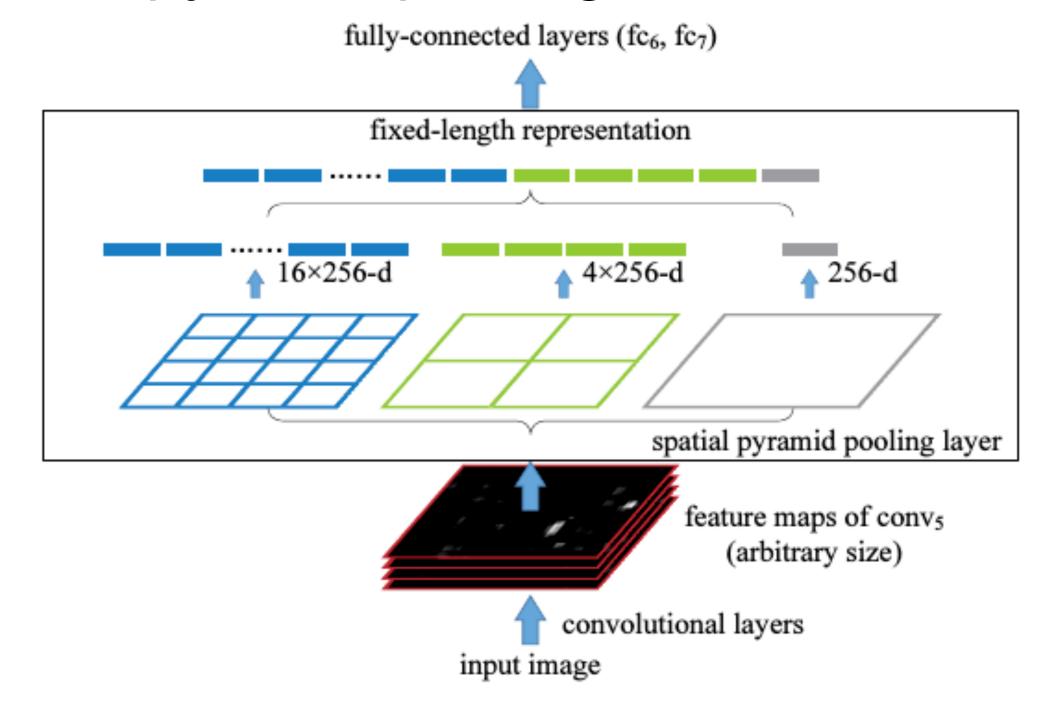
Attention based fusion (ABF)

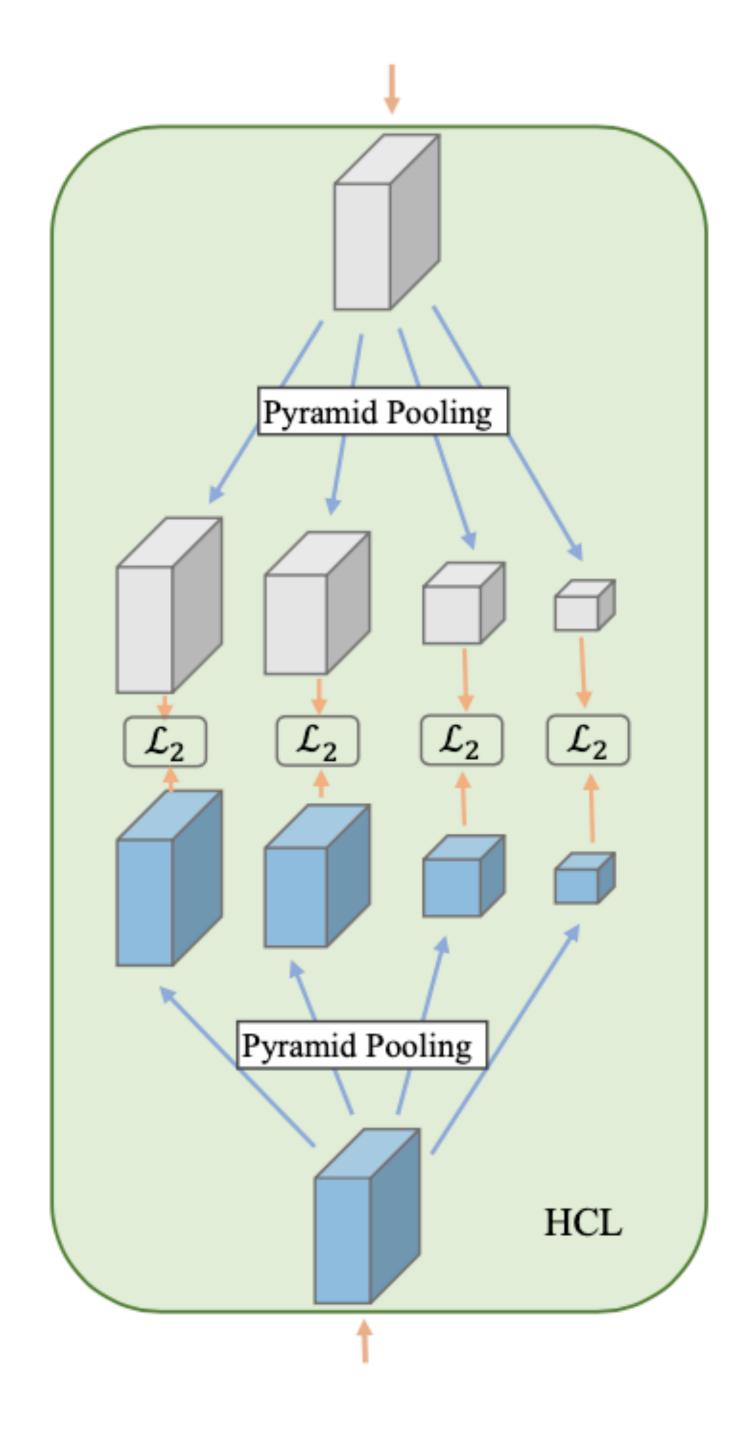
- 1. The higher level features are first resized to the same shape as the lower level features.
- 2. Then two features from different levels are concatenated together to generate two H × W attention maps.
- 3. These maps are multiplied with two features, respectively. Finally, the two features are added.



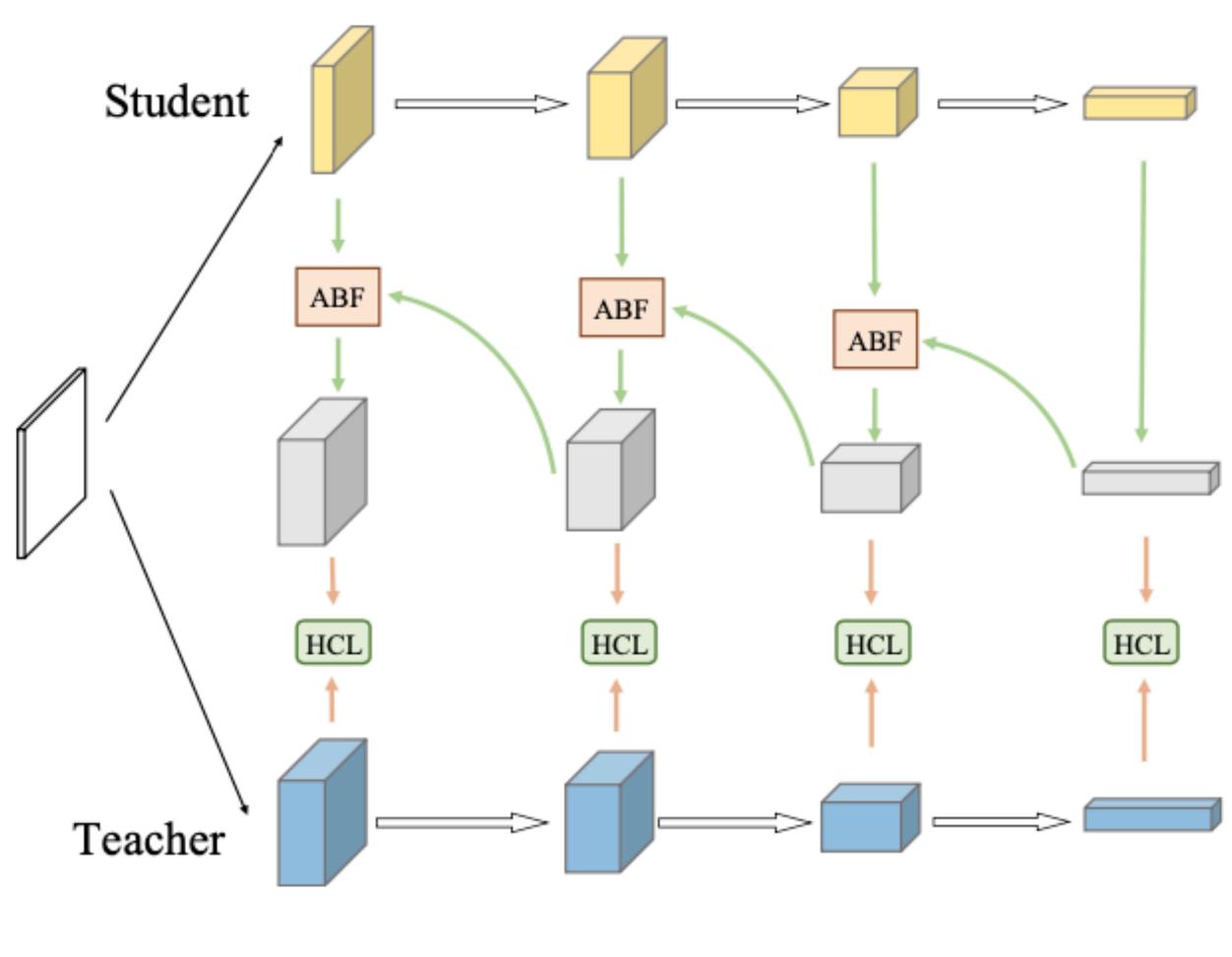
Hierarchical context loss (HCL) function

- L2 distance is only effective to transfer information between features from the same level.
- Spatial pyramid pooling





ReviewKD



Classification

Distillation	Teacher Acc	ResNet56 72.34	ResNet110 74.31	ResNet32x4 79.42	WRN40-2 75.61	WRN40-2 75.61	VGG13 74.64
Mechanism	Student	ResNet20 69.06	ResNet32 71.14	ResNet8x4 72.50	WRN16-2 73.26	WRN40-1 71.98	VGG8 70.36
Logits	KD [9]	70.66	73.08	73.33	74.92	73.54	72.98
Single Layer	FitNet [25]	69.21	71.06	73.50	73.58	72.24	71.02
Single Layer	PKT [23]	70.34	72.61	73.64	74.54	73.54	72.88
Single Layer	RKD [22]	69.61	71.82	71.90	73.35	72.22	71.48
Single Layer	CRD [28]	71.16	73.48	75.51	75.48	74.14	73.94
Multiple Layers	AT [38]	70.55	72.31	73.44	74.08	72.77	71.43
Multiple Layers	VID [1]	70.38	72.61	73.09	74.11	73.30	71.23
Multiple Layers	OFD [8]	70.98	73.23	74.95	75.24	74.33	73.95
Review	Ours	71.89	73.89	75.63	76.12	75.09	74.84

Table 1. Results on CIFAR-100. The teacher and student have architectures of the same style.

Classification

Setting		Teacher	Student	KD [9]	AT [38]	OFD [8]	CRD [28]	Ours
(a)	Top-1	76.16	68.87	68.58	69.56	71.25	71.37	72.56
	Top-5	92.86	88.76	88.98	89.33	90.34	90.41	91.00
(b)	Top-1	73.31	69.75	70.66	70.69	70.81	71.17	71.61
	Top-5	91.42	89.07	89.88	90.01	89.98	90.13	90.51

Table 3. Results on ImageNet. (a) MobileNet as student, ResNet50 as teacher. (b) ResNet18 as student, ResNet34 as teacher.

Object Detection

student: Mask R-CNN^[3] teacher: from Detectron2^[4]

dataset: COCO2017

	Method	mAP	AP50	AP75	APl	APm	APs
Teacher	Faster R-CNN w/ R101-FPN	42.04	62.48	45.88	54.60	45.55	25.22
Student	Faster R-CNN w/ R18-FPN	33.26	53.61	35.26	43.16	35.68	18.96
	w/ KD [9]	33.97 (+0.61)	54.66	36.62	44.14	36.67	18.71
	w/ FitNet [25]	34.13 (+0.87)	54.16	36.71	44.69	36.50	18.88
	w/ FGFI [31]	35.44 (+2.18)	55.51	38.17	47.34	38.29	19.04
	w/ Our Method	36.75 (+3.49)	56.72	34.00	49.58	39.51	19.42
Teacher	Faster R-CNN w/ R101-FPN	42.04	62.48	45.88	54.60	45.55	25.22
Student	Faster R-CNN w/ R50-FPN	37.93	58.84	41.05	49.10	41.14	22.44
	w/ KD [9]	38.35 (+0.42)	59.41	41.71	49.48	41.80	22.73
	w/ FitNet [25]	38.76 (+0.83)	59.62	41.80	50.70	42.20	22.32
	w/ FGFI [31]	39.44 (+1.51)	60.27	43.04	51.97	42.51	22.89
	w/ Our Method	40.36 (+2.43)	60.97	44.08	52.87	43.81	23.60

Instance Segmentation

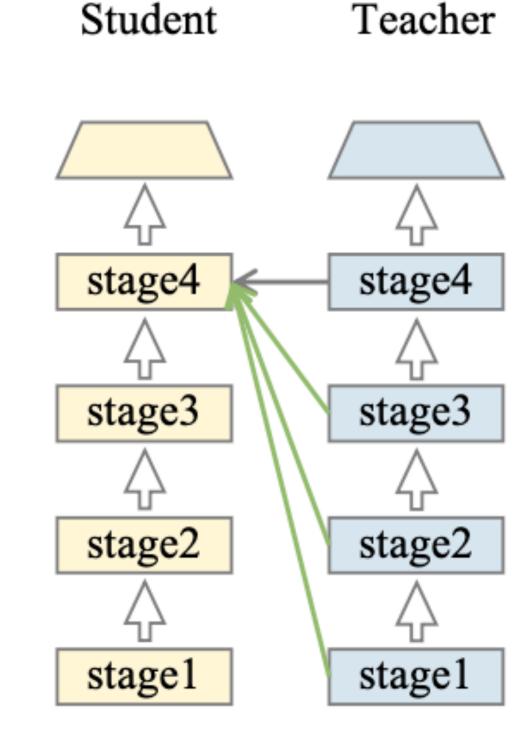
student: Mask R-CNN^[3] teacher: from Detectron2^[4]

dataset: COCO2017

	Method	mAP	AP50	AP75	APl	APm	APs
Teacher	Mask R-CNN w/ R101-FPN	38.63	60.45	41.28	55.29	41.33	19.48
Student	Mask R-CNN w/ R18-FPN	31.25	51.07	33.10	45.53	32.80	14.18
Student	+ Our Method	33.62 (+2.37)	53.91	35.96	50.30	35.31	15.03
Teacher	Mask R-CNN w/ R101-FPN	38.63	60.45	41.28	55.29	41.33	19.48
Student	Mask R-CNN w/ R50-FPN	35.24	56.32	37.49	50.34	37.71	17.16
Student	+ Our Method	36.98 (+1.74)	58.13	39.60	53.19	39.57	17.54
Teacher	Mask R-CNN w/ R50-FPN	37.17	58.60	39.88	53.30	39.49	18.63
Student	Mask R-CNN w/ MV2-FPN	28.37	47.19	29.95	41.70	29.01	12.09
Student	+ Our Method	31.56 (+3.19)	50.70	33.44	47.39	32.44	12.76

Ablation Study

- ResNet20 as the student and ResNet56 as the teacher on CIFAR100
- The student's baseline result is 69.1
- Red lower than baseline
- Blue higher than baseline



		Teacher Stage				
		1	2	3	4	
Stage	1	69.5	69.0	68.2	66.3	
	2	69.6	69.6	61.4	61.1	
Student	3	69.2	69.8	71.0	50.4	
St	4	69.2	69.3	70.3	70.3	

ExperimentsAblation Study

student: WRN16-2

teacher: WRN40-2

dataset: CIFAR-100

teacher - 75.61

RM	RLF	ABF	HCL	Accuracy (Variance)
				74.3 (5e-2)
~				75.2 (6e-2)
~	~			75.6 (6e-2)
~	~	~		76.0 (6e-2)
~	~		~	75.8 (5e-2)
~	~	~	/	76.2 (4e-2)

Table 7. RM: The proposed review mechanism (Section 3.1). RLF: Residual learning frame work (Section 3.2). ABF: Attentation based fusion module (Section 3.3). HCL: Hierarchical context loss function (Section 3.3).

Reference

- [1] Hinton, Geoffrey, Oriol Vinyals, and Jeff Dean. "Distilling the knowledge in a neural network." *arXiv preprint arXiv:1503.02531* (2015).
- [2]Romero, Adriana, et al. "Fitnets: Hints for thin deep nets." arXiv preprint arXiv:1412.6550 (2014).
- [3] He, Kaiming, et al. "Mask r-cnn." Proceedings of the IEEE international conference on computer vision. 2017.
- [4] Wu, Yuxin, et al. "Detectron2." (2019).